

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN
SOUTHERN DIVISION**

IN RE: AUTOMOTIVE PARTS ANTITRUST LITIGATION	:	No. 12-md-02311
	:	Hon. Marianne O. Battani
IN RE: WIRE HARNESS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00103
IN RE: INSTRUMENT PANEL CLUSTERS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00203
IN RE: FUEL SENDERS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00303
IN RE: HEATER CONTROL PANELS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00403
IN RE: BEARINGS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00503
IN RE: OCCUPANT SAFETY SYSTEMS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00603
IN RE: ALTERNATORS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-00703
IN RE: WINDSHIELD WIPERS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-00903
IN RE: RADIATORS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01003
IN RE: STARTERS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01103
IN RE: SWITCHES	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01303
IN RE: IGNITION COILS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01403
IN RE: MOTOR GENERATORS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01503
IN RE: STEERING ANGLE SENSORS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01603
IN RE: HID BALLASTS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01703
IN RE: INVERTERS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01803
IN RE: ELECTRONIC POWERED STEERING ASSEMBLIES	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01903
IN RE: AIR FLOW METERS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02003
IN RE: FAN MOTORS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02103
IN RE: FUEL INJECTION SYSTEMS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02203
IN RE: POWER WINDOW MOTORS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02303
IN RE: AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID WARMERS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02403
IN RE: VALVE TIMING CONTROL DEVICES	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02503
IN RE: ELECTRONIC THROTTLE BODIES	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02603
IN RE: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02703
IN RE: WINDSHIELD WASHER SYSTEMS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02803
IN RE: SPARK PLUGS	:	Case No. 2:15-cv-03003
IN RE: CERAMIC SUBSTRATES	:	Case No. 2:16-cv-03803

THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:
ALL END-PAYOR ACTIONS

**END-PAYOR PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR APPROVAL
OF PLAN OF ALLOCATION OF SETTLEMENT PROCEEDS**

Pursuant to Rule 23(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, End-Payor Plaintiffs hereby respectfully move the Court to approve a plan of allocation of the proceeds of the settlements between the End-Payor Plaintiffs and defendants as to which the Court has granted final approval. It is expected that the Plan of Allocation would apply to any future settlements adjusted to take into account any additional automotive parts that are encompassed by those settlements.

Dated: September 8, 2016

By: /s/Steven N. Williams
Steven N. Williams
Demetrius X. Lambrinos
Elizabeth Tran
COTCHETT, PITRE & McCARTHY, LLP
San Francisco Airport Office Center
840 Malcolm Road, Suite 200
Burlingame, CA 94010
Telephone: (650) 697-6000
Facsimile: (650) 697-0577
swilliams@cpmlegal.com
dlambrinos@cpmlegal.com
etran@cpmlegal.com

By: /s/Hollis Salzman
Hollis Salzman
Bernard Persky
William V. Reiss
ROBINS KAPLAN LLP
601 Lexington Avenue, Suite 3400
New York, NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 980-7400
Facsimile: (212) 980-7499
hsalzman@robinskaplan.com
bpersky@robinskaplan.com
wreiss@robinskaplan.com

By: /s/Marc M. Seltzer
Marc M. Seltzer
Steven G. Sklaver
SUSMAN GODFREY L.L.P.
1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 950
Los Angeles, CA 90067-6029
Telephone: (310) 789-3100
Facsimile: (310) 789-3150
mseltzer@susmangodfrey.com
ssklaver@susmangodfrey.com

Terrell W. Oxford
Chanler A. Langham

Omar Ochoa
SUSMAN GODFREY L.L.P.
1000 Louisiana Street, Suite 5100
Houston, Texas 77002
Telephone: (713) 651-9366
Facsimile: (713) 651-6666
toxford@susmangodfrey.com
clangham@susmangodfrey.com
oochoa@susmangodfrey.com

*Interim Co-Lead Class Counsel for the End-Payor
Plaintiff Classes*

By: /s/ Devon P. Allard
E. Powell Miller
Devon P. Allard
THE MILLER LAW FIRM, P.C.
950 W. University Dr., Ste. 300
Rochester, Michigan 48307
Telephone: (248) 841-2200
Facsimile: (248) 652-2852
epm@millerlawpc.com
dpa@millerlawpc.com

*Interim Liaison Counsel for the End-Payor Plaintiff
Classes*

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN
SOUTHERN DIVISION**

IN RE: AUTOMOTIVE PARTS ANTITRUST LITIGATION	:	Master File No. 12-md-02311 Honorable Marianne O. Battani
IN RE: WIRE HARNESS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00103-MOB-MKM
IN RE: INSTRUMENT PANEL CLUSTERS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00203-MOB-MKM
IN RE: FUEL SENDERS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00303-MOB-MKM
IN RE: HEATER CONTROL PANELS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00403-MOB-MKM
IN RE: OCCUPANT SAFETY RESTRAINT SYSTEMS	:	Case No. 2:12-cv-00603-MOB-MKM
IN RE: ALTERNATORS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-00703-MOB-MKM
IN RE: RADIATORS	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-01003-MOB-MKM
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IN RE: ELECTRONIC THROTTLE BODIES	:	Case No. 2:13-cv-02603-MOB-MKM
THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO: ALL END-PAYOR ACTIONS	:	

**END-PAYOR PLAINTIFFS' MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR
APPROVAL OF PLAN OF ALLOCATION OF SETTLEMENT PROCEEDS**

Statement of Issues

1. Whether the Plan of Allocation proposed by the End-Payor Plaintiffs for the distribution of the proceeds of settlements is fair, reasonable and adequate under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23?

Controlling or Most Appropriate Authorities

In re Cardizem CD Antitrust Litig., 218 F.R.D. 508 (E.D. Mich. 2003)

In re Packaged Ice Antitrust Litig., No. 08-MD-01952, 2011 WL 717519 (E.D. Mich. Feb. 22, 2011)

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<i>Walsh v. Great Atl. & Pac. Tea Co., Inc.</i> , 726 F.2d 956 (3d Cir.1983).....	4

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3 Newberg on Class Actions, § 8:45 (4th ed. 2011)	4
Manual for Complex Litigation § 21.651 (4 th ed. 2014).....	6

BACKGROUND

The Court previously granted final approval to the settlements reached with several defendants (the “Round 1 Settling Defendants”). Those settlements encompass a number of the automotive component parts at issue in the *Auto Parts Antitrust Litigation*. During the final approval process, the End-Payor Plaintiffs (“EPPs”) indicated they would propose a plan of allocation of the proceeds of those settlements. EPPs now seek approval by the Court of a Plan of Allocation, attached as Exhibit A to this motion, for the settlement funds covering the parts (the “Automotive Parts”) and Settling Defendants described below.¹ Each Automotive Part and corresponding Settling Defendant is the subject of claims by the members of separate Settlement Classes. The chart below reflects the 25 Settlement Classes subject to this motion.

Round 1 Settling Defendants	Automotive Parts
Autoliv	Occupant Safety Systems
Fujikura	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
HIAMS	Air Flow Meters
	Alternators
	Electronic Throttle Bodies
	Fuel Injection Systems
	Ignition Coils
	Inverters
	Motor Generators
	Starters

¹ The Settling Defendants are: Nippon Seiki Company Ltd., N.S. International, Ltd., and New Sabina Industries, Inc. (collectively, “Nippon Seiki”); Lear Corporation (“Lear”); Kyungshin-Lear Sales and Engineering, LLC (“KL Sales”); Autoliv, Inc., Autoliv ASP, Inc., Autoliv B.V. & Co. KG, Autoliv Safety Technology, Inc., and Autoliv Japan Ltd (collectively, “Autoliv”); TRW Deutschland Holding GmbH and ZF TRW Automotive Holdings Corp. (f/k/a TRW Automotive Holdings Corp.) (collectively, “TRW”); Yazaki Corporation and Yazaki North America, Inc. (collectively, “Yazaki”); Panasonic Corporation and Panasonic Corporation of North America (collectively, “Panasonic”); Hitachi Automotive Systems, Ltd. (“HIAMS”); T. RAD Co., Ltd. and T.RAD North America, Inc. (collectively, “T.RAD”); Fujikura Ltd. and Fujikura Automotive America LLC (collectively, “Fujikura”), and Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd., Sumitomo Wiring Systems, Ltd.; Sumitomo Electric Wiring Systems, Inc. (incorporating K&S Wiring Systems, Inc.); Sumitomo Wiring Systems (U.S.A.) Inc. (collectively, “Sumitomo”).

	Valve Timing Control Devices
KL Sales	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
Lear	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
Nippon Seiki	Instrument Panel Clusters
Panasonic	HID Ballasts
	Steering Angle Sensors
	Switches
Sumitomo	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
	Heater Control Panels
T.RAD	ATF Warmers
	Radiators
TRW	Occupant Safety Systems
Yazaki	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
	Fuel Senders
	Instrument Panel Clusters

In addition, pending before the Court are EPP motions for preliminary approval of settlements with additional defendants (the “Round 2 Settling Defendants”). Each Automotive Part and corresponding Round 2 Settling Defendant is the subject of claims by members of separate Settlement Classes. Assuming that the Round 2 Settlements are ultimately approved by the Court, the chart below reflects the 38 Settlement Classes subject to this Plan of Allocation.²

Round 2 Settling Defendants	Automotive Parts
Aisin Seiki	Valve Timing Control Devices
DENSO	Air Conditioning Systems
	Alternators
	ATF Warmers
	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
	Ceramic Substrates
	Fan Motors
	Fuel Injection Systems
	Fuel Senders
	Heater Control Panels

² EPPs have filed motions for preliminary approval of the Round 2 Settlements and these motions are unopposed. In addition, EPPs anticipate that they will shortly file motions for preliminary approval with additional settling defendants not referenced herein. EPPs intend for the Plan of Allocation to apply to any additional settlements ultimately approved by the Court.

Round 2 Settling Defendants	Automotive Parts
	HID Ballasts
	Ignition Coils
	Instrument Panel Clusters
	Inverters
	Motor Generators
	Power Window Motors
	Radiators
	Spark Plugs, Oxygen Sensors, and Air Fuel Ratio Sensors
	Starters
	Valve Timing Control Devices
	Windshield Washer Systems
	Windshield Wiper Systems
Furukawa	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
G.S. Electech	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
LEONI	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
MELCO	Alternators
	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
	Electronic Powered Steering Assemblies
	Fuel Injection Systems
	HID Ballasts
	Ignition Coils
	Starters
NSK	Valve Timing Control Devices
	Automotive Bearings
	Electronic Powered Steering Assemblies
Omron	Power Window Switches
Schaeffler	Automotive Bearings
Sumitomo Riko	Anti-Vibrational Rubber Parts
Tokai Rika	Automotive Wire Harness Systems
Valeo	Air Conditioning Systems

ARGUMENT

I. The Court Should Approve EPPs' Plan of Allocation for the Distribution of Settlement Funds.

Under Rule 23, “[a]pproval of a plan of allocation of a settlement fund in a class action is governed by the same standards of review applicable to approval of the settlement as a whole; the distribution plan must be fair, reasonable and adequate.” *In re Packaged Ice Antitrust Litig.*, No. 08-MD-01952, 2011 WL 6209188, at *15-16 (E.D. Mich. Dec. 13, 2011) (quoting *Meijer, Inc. v. 3M*, Civ. No. 04-5871, 2006 WL 2382718, at*17 (E.D. Pa. 2006)); *In re Ikon Office Solutions Sec. Litig.*, 194 F.R.D. 166, 184 (E.D. Pa. 2000)). The purpose of a plan of allocation is to create a method that will permit the equitable distribution of settlement proceeds to all eligible members of the class. Accordingly, as courts have observed, “[a] district court’s ‘principal obligation’ in approving a plan of allocation ‘is simply to ensure that the fund distribution is fair and reasonable as to all participants in the fund.’” *Sullivan v. DB Investments, Inc.*, 667 F.3d 273, 326 (3d Cir. 2011) (quoting *Walsh v. Great Atl. & Pac. Tea Co., Inc.*, 726 F.2d 956, 964 (3d Cir.1983)); *see also In re Warfarin Sodium Antitrust Litig.*, 391 F.3d 516, 539 (3d Cir. 2004).

“‘Courts generally consider plans of allocation that reimburse class members based on the type and extent of their injuries to be reasonable.’” *In re Packaged Ice Antitrust Litig.*, 2011 WL 6209188, at *15 (quoting *In re Aetna, Inc.*, No. Civ. A. MDL 1219, 2001 WL 20928, at *12 (E.D. Pa. Jan.4, 2001)). *See also In re Oracle Sec. Litig.*, 1994 WL 502054, AT *1 (N.D. Cal. June 18, 1994) (“A plan of allocation that reimburses class members based on the extent of their injuries is generally reasonable.”). “Typically, a class recovery in antitrust or securities suits will divide the common fund on a *pro rata* basis among all who timely file eligible claims, thus leaving no unclaimed funds.” *In re Packaged Ice Antitrust Litig.*, at *12 (quoting 3 Newberg on Class Actions, § 8:45 (4th ed. 2011)); *see also In re Cardizem CD Antitrust Litig.*, 218 F.R.D. 508, 531 (E.D. Mich. 2003) (approving a plan of allocation that adopted a *pro rata* method for calculating each class member's share of the settlement fund as fair and reasonable). As a result,

courts in this district have previously held that using a *pro rata* formula for calculating each class member's share of a settlement fund is fair and reasonable. *See In Re Packaged Ice Antitrust Litig.*, at *15; *In re Cardizem*, 218 F.R.D. at 531.

Here, Plaintiffs propose that settlement funds be allocated based on the purchases or leases of new Vehicles (defined below) which contain the parts manufactured or sold by a Settling Defendant and covered by the settlements or purchases of replacement parts manufactured or sold by a Settling Defendant and covered by the settlements, with certain purchases or leases being weighted more heavily based on the evaluation by Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel of the relative strength and weakness of certain class member claims (described below). Those weightings are based on information obtained by Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel regarding vehicles that were specifically targeted by the collusive conduct of defendants. Such weightings are appropriate in class action cases. *See, e.g., In re Airline Ticket Comm'n Antitrust Litig.*, 953 F. Supp. 280, 285 (D. Minn. 1997). Thus, the allocation plan is fair, reasonable and adequate.

II. The Plan of Allocation of the settlement proceeds.

EPPs respectfully request that the Court approve the Plan of Allocation proposed by Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel. The Plan of Allocation provides how Settlement Class Members may qualify to receive a distribution from the settlement funds and how payments to qualified Settlement Class Members will be calculated. The Plan of Allocation also provides that proceeds be distributed subsequent to the following events:

- (1) final approval of settlements by the Court and/or final judgment in each Automotive Parts case and the expiration of any period for further review or appeal of the Court's orders of approval and/or final judgments or the resolution of any such review or appeal;
- (2) receipt of Claim Forms by the Claims Administrator;
- (3) review of the Claim Forms by the Claims Administrator and the determination of the amounts recommended to be paid to claimants; and

- (4) approval by the Court of the Claims Administrator's recommendations as to the amounts to be paid to claimants.

Plaintiffs propose that distribution of the net settlement funds to class members ultimately be deferred until the conclusion of the *Auto Parts Antitrust Litigation* or at a subsequent time to be proposed by Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel and approved by the Court when there will likely be additional funds to distribute, because piecemeal distribution will increase the expense of claims administration and may cause confusion among class members. Until the time of distribution, the settlement funds will accrue interest for the benefit of the Settlement Classes. Deferring the distribution of settlement funds is a common practice in cases where claims against other defendants remain to be litigated. *See Manual for Complex Litigation* (Fourth Ed.) § 21.651 (2014).

A. Settlement Class Member qualifications.

The Plan of Allocation provides for the distribution of its net settlement funds on a *pro rata* basis to qualified members of the Settlement Classes, defined as "Authorized Claimants" under the Plan of Allocation. To be considered an Authorized Claimant, Settlement Class Members must submit timely and valid claim forms for new four-wheeled passenger automobiles, light trucks, pickup trucks, crossovers, vans, mini-vans or sport utility vehicles (collectively, the "Vehicles") purchased or leased (not for resale) during Class Periods applicable to the Settlement Classes for such Automotive Parts. Information about which Vehicles contain the Automotive Parts manufactured or sold by the Settling Defendants and that are the subject of the settlements will be available to class members on the *Auto Parts Antitrust Litigation* website, www.autopartsclass.com ("Class Website").³ Settlement Class Members may also make claims

³ A toll-free telephone number will also be available to Settlement Class members who wish to obtain information about whether their Vehicles qualify for payment under the settlements.

based on the indirect purchase (not for resale) of any replacement Automotive Parts manufactured or sold by the respective Settling Defendants.

In addition to these purchase or lease qualifications, only those Class Members who purchased or leased a new Vehicle or purchased a replacement part while residing in the states that allow indirect purchasers to sue for damages will be entitled to share in the Net Settlement Funds.⁴ Those states are: Arizona, Arkansas, California, District of Columbia, Florida, Hawaii, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oregon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

B. Calculating the Allowed Claim Amount.

Authorized Claimants will share and share alike on a *pro rata* basis in the net settlement funds established for each Settlement Class of which they are members based on their “Allowed Claim Amount.” Under the Plan of Allocation, the Allowed Claim Amount is based on the total number of new Vehicles containing the relevant part the Authorized Claimant purchased or leased, with the purchase or lease of certain Vehicles receiving more weight based on the evaluation by Plaintiffs’ Co-Lead Counsel of the relative strengths and weaknesses of the claims of members of the Settlement Classes, plus the total number of replacement parts the Authorized Claimant purchased. With respect to the specific Vehicles containing Automotive Parts which were targeted by the collusive conduct of Defendants, the per vehicle Allowed Claim Amount for the purchase or lease of such Vehicles will be weighted at four times the Allowed Claim Amount for other Vehicles. This weighting is based on information obtained by Plaintiffs’ Co-

⁴ Or, as to businesses, where the principal place of business was located at the time of the purchase or lease.

Lead Counsel during discovery as well as through cooperation provided by the Settling Defendants regarding which vehicles were specifically targeted by the collusive conduct of defendants. Although all persons who purchased or leased new Vehicles not for resale were affected by the conspiracy and are therefore members of one or more classes, some class members were more affected than others, which is reflected in this weighting. The specific Vehicles containing parts that were the targets of Defendants' collusive conduct will be available on the Class Website.

Ultimately, an Authorized Claimant will be paid a percentage of the net settlement funds, calculated based on the ratio of Authorized Claimant's Allowed Claim Amount to the total of the Allowed Claim Amounts of all Authorized Claimants who are members of the particular Settlement Class.

III. The Plan of Allocation is Fair, Reasonable, and Adequate.

The Plan of Allocation as proposed by the Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel is fair, reasonable and adequate. The Plan of Allocation allocates the net settlement funds based on the volume of purchases or leases by members of the Settlement Classes, *i.e.*, the more Vehicles purchased or leased, or the more replacement parts purchased, the more a Settlement Class member may receive. The Plan of Allocation's approach also provides reimbursement to the eligible members of the Settlement Classes based on information obtained by Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel regarding the relative extent of the injuries they sustained as a result of Defendants' collusive conduct.

Thus, purchases or leases of Vehicles for which there is evidence of collusive conduct by defendants will receive more weight. This approach provides a fair, reasonable and adequate method for allocating settlement funds among Settlement Class members. The claim process set

forth in the Plan of Allocation, as well as the information available on the Class Website, is also designed to minimize the burden on Settlement Class Members in making a claim.

The distribution contemplated by the Plan of Allocation is fair, reasonable and adequate as to all qualified participants who will share in the net settlement funds, and is similar to plans of allocation previously approved by courts in this district and elsewhere in the United States. If the Plan of Allocation is approved by the Court, it is anticipated that Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Class Counsel would seek Court approval to apply the Plan of Allocation to any future settlements, adjusted to take into account any additional automotive parts that are encompassed by those settlements.

Plaintiffs therefore respectfully submit that it should be approved by the Court.

Date: September 8, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/Steven N. Williams

Steven N. Williams
Demetrius X. Lambrinos
Elizabeth Tran
**COTCHETT, PITRE & McCARTHY,
LLP**
San Francisco Airport Office Center
840 Malcolm Road, Suite 200
Burlingame, CA 94010
Telephone: (650) 697-6000
Facsimile: (650) 697-0577
swilliams@cpmlegal.com
dlambrinos@cpmlegal.com
etran@cpmlegal.com

By: /s/Hollis Salzman

Hollis Salzman
Bernard Persky
William V. Reiss
ROBINS KAPLAN LLP
601 Lexington Avenue, Suite 3400
New York, NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 980-7400
Facsimile: (212) 980-7499
hsalzman@robinskaplan.com

bpersky@robinskaplan.com
wreiss@robinskaplan.com

By: /s/Marc M. Seltzer

Marc M. Seltzer
Steven G. Sklaver
SUSMAN GODFREY L.L.P.
1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 950
Los Angeles, CA 90067-6029
Telephone: (310) 789-3100
Facsimile: (310) 789-3150
mseltzer@susmangodfrey.com
ssklaver@susmangodfrey.com

Terrell W. Oxford
Chanler A. Langham
Omar Ochoa
SUSMAN GODFREY L.L.P.
1000 Louisiana Street, Suite 5100
Houston, Texas 77002
Telephone: (713) 651-9366
Facsimile: (713) 651-6666
toxford@susmangodfrey.com
clangham@susmangodfrey.com
oochoa@susmangodfrey.com

Interim Co-Lead Class Counsel for the End-Payor Plaintiff Classes

By: /s/Devon P. Allard

E. Powell Miller
Devon P. Allard
THE MILLER LAW FIRM, P.C.
950 W. University Dr., Ste. 300
Rochester, Michigan 48307
Telephone: (248) 841-2200
Facsimile: (248) 652-2852
epm@millerlawpc.com
dpa@millerlawpc.com

Interim Liaison Counsel for the End-Payor Plaintiff Classes

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on September 8, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to all parties of record.

/s/ Marc M. Seltzer

Marc M. Seltzer

SUSMAN GODFREY L.L.P.